



Commonwealth of Kentucky
Energy and Environment Cabinet

Steve Beshear, Governor

Leonard K. Peters, Secretary

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

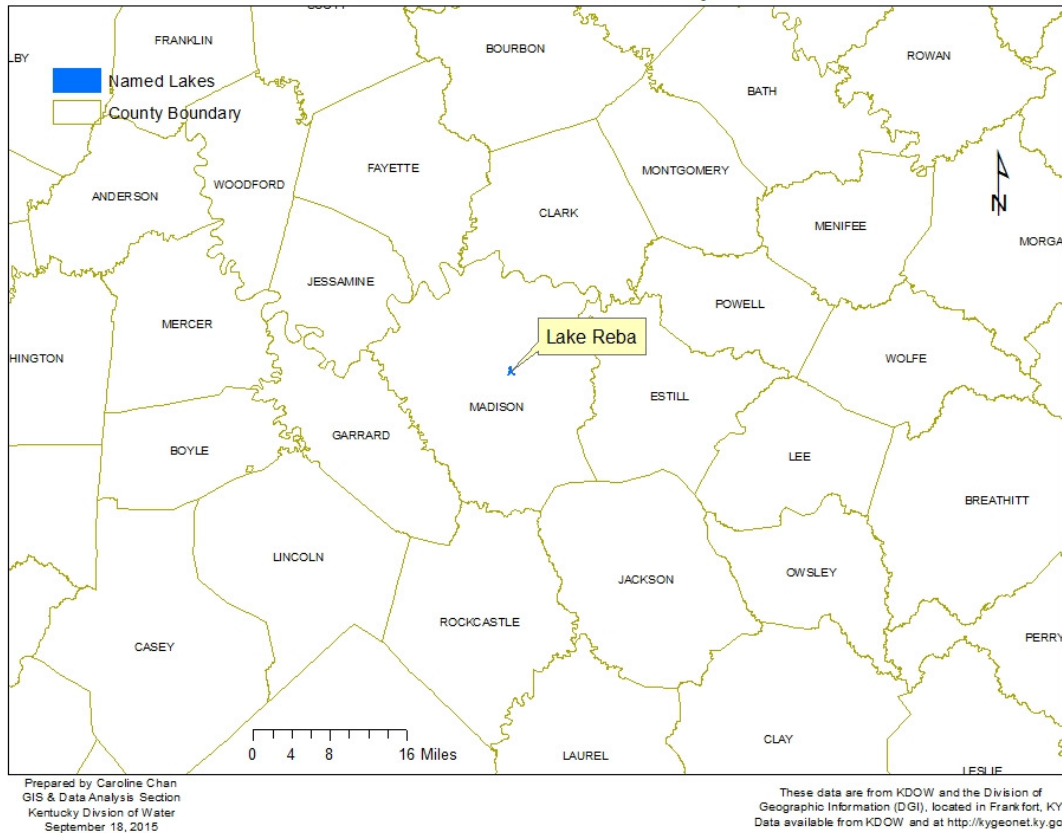
Contact: Lanny Brannock
502-564-2150

**Harmful Algal Bloom recreational advisory issued for
Lake Reba in Madison County**
Condition in the lake may persist for several weeks

FRANKFORT, Ky. (Sept. 18, 2015) – The Kentucky Division of Water (KDOW) and the Kentucky Department for Public Health (KDPH) are issuing a harmful algal bloom (HAB) recreational advisory for Lake Reba, in Madison County, Kentucky.

On Sept. 15, KDOW personnel observed favorable water conditions for HAB development and observed a significant HAB in Lake Reba. KDOW personnel collected samples and laboratory analysis indicates that microcystin toxins are occurring in Lake Reba that is above advisory thresholds.

Lake Reba - HAB Advisory



Water swallowed during recreational activities in this body of water may increase the risk of gastrointestinal symptoms such as stomach pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Skin, eye and throat irritation and/or breathing difficulties may also occur after contact.

Harmful algal blooms arise when there are excess nutrients (phosphorus and nitrogen), sunny conditions, warm temperatures and low-flow or low-water conditions. KDOW anticipates that these conditions will persist in Lake Reba until significant local precipitation occurs and water temperatures decrease. At present, forecasts do not indicate significant changes in temperature and precipitation patterns over the next several weeks.

Blue-green algae occur naturally in the environment and are a vital part of the ecosystem. The more typical green algae, which do not produce toxins, come in many forms and may appear as underwater moss or stringy mats. Blue-green algae, on the other hand, appear as slicks of opaque, bright-green paint, but closer inspection often reveals the grainy,

sawdust-like appearance of individual colonies or bacteria. The color of the algae may also appear red or brown.

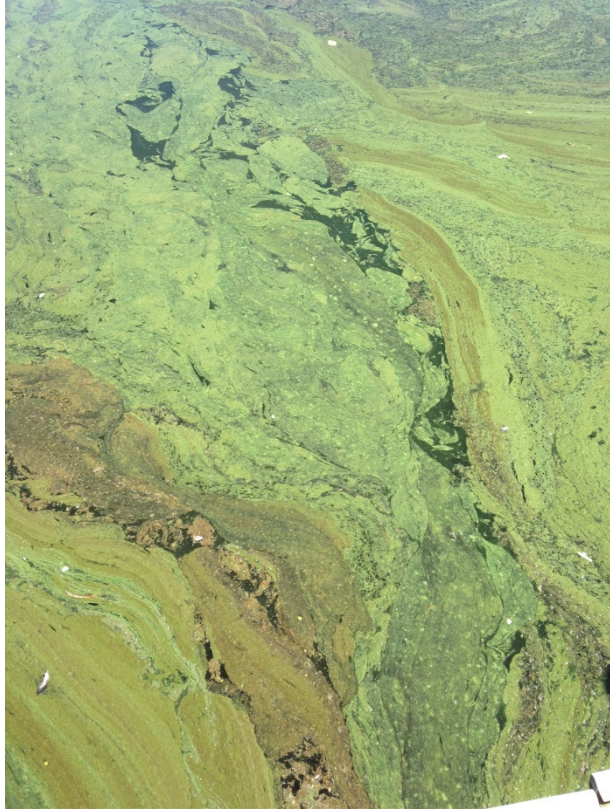
The following guidelines are recommended to avoid exposure to HABs:

- Individuals should avoid direct contact with affected water that has unusual color or where blue-green bacteria have been identified, including swimming, wading, paddling, diving and water skiing.
- People who are prone to respiratory allergies or asthma should avoid areas with HABs. Children may be particularly sensitive.
- If contact has been made with water containing blue-green algae, wash off with fresh water. In some cases, skin irritation will appear after prolonged exposure. If symptoms persist, consult your health care provider.
- If fishing in affected waters, fish fillets (not organs) may be consumed after the fillets have been rinsed in clean, non-lake water.
- Prevent pets and livestock from coming into contact with water where HAB is apparent.

If you are concerned that you have symptoms that are a result of exposure to HABs please see your doctor and call your local health department.

For additional information about this advisory, contact Andrea Keatley at the Kentucky Division of Water at (502) 564-3410 or Justin T. Carey, Division of Public Health Protection and Safety, Department for Public Health, at (502) 564-7398.

<http://water.ky.gov/waterquality/pages/HABS.aspx>



###